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Moss's cont'd

man's feet long & narrow, $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 16''-17''$
Heel + toes sharp - $1\frac{1}{2}''$ deep. all toes so paired
by a crease except the 4th + 5th which were together
on both feet. After 5-6 steps started to run
stride, walking 4 - $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Then he ran. Tracks
went deeper in the mud, Ran on toes (no heels)

Flood 1908, ~~at~~ uncovered them. Biggest rise
history of creek. There to 1918. Only fisherman
saw them for the most part. Had to wade over.
Scarcely anybody from G. R. came to see them.
Charlie didn't tell em. mud road. no bridges,
forded river, after a flood had to wait or take his
road to town. Walk or go horseback.

Rise of 26-27 ft - 28 ft. Sounded like wind blown
hard. Rocks grind. Waves beat shore.

Washed out Oct 1918. In Army at San Antonio then
left army Jan 1919. Tracks lost for good.

More came to view later from time to time.

Olive Tremble, Charlie's niece went to school in the
ms Fall bldg. Teacher took them to see the "giant man
footprints" Went at noon. Saw prints there. Prob
ones Jim Ryals took out later. ~~when~~ Olive saw 'em
about early 30's or earlier. Regretted no camera.

J. Ryals dug tracks for 3-4 yrs. Jake ms Fall dug
quite a few too. Jake dug later after Ryals, used a tin
Scientists came on occasion, R. Bird fr. 212.

Bird convinced of man tracks. NO. - "ape tracks"
Bird insisted. Argument. Toe + arch like a man.
Accepted bronze trays. Went to Austin - Returned
a week a permit to cut out trays. Sand bags.

4 ft rise - all washed away.

Said people in Ark ignorant enough to believe man
walked at time of Jesus - Life magazine 1938